

Per il ripasso e il recupero della lingua inglese



PEARSON

Contents

		Vocabulary	Grammar	Skills
•	My blog	House and furniture 5 Family 5 Adjectives of appearance 5	To be6Subject pronouns and possessive adjectives6Have got7Genitive 's7Plural nouns7There is/are + a/some/any8	Amazing places 9 Listening A dialogue about an
2	Sporting fixtures!	Sports and equipment11 Freetime activities11	Present simple 12 Adverbs of frequency 13 Prepositions of time 13 Can 13 Like, love, hate + -ing 14	Reading What your sport says about you! 15 Listening My favourite sport 15 Writing A description of your favourite summer sports 15
Tira	vel guide	B&Bs - A British treasure		16
3	Family bake off	Food and drink19 Containers and prices19	Countable and uncountable nouns20 A lot of/much/many/ a few/a little20 Present continuous21 Present simple vs present continuous22	and diet fads 23 Listening Tara's diet 23
4	Whale watching	Animals25 Natural landscape25	To be – past simple26 Past simple – affirmative 26 Past simple – negative and questions27	Reading Animal Youtube Stars29 Listening An amazing animal story29 Writing A description of a trip29
Tra	vel guide	Celebrity chefs		30

	Vocabulary	Grammar	Skills
5 Tech souvenirs	Technology33	Comparative adjectives 34 Superlative adjectives 35 Possessive pronouns 36	shopping37
6 Inspiration	Education 39 The arts 39 Jobs and careers 39	Present continuous for future 40 Be going to 41 Present simple for future timetables 42	Reading Talking business43 Listening The best professions in the future43 Writing A description of your ideal job43
Travel guide	Shopping in Dublin		44
Moving on	Transport47 Travelling47	Will 48 Indefinite pronouns 49 Prepositions of place 49 Prepositions of motion 49 Will for offers and spontaneous decisions 50	Reading The future of airline travel51 Listening The future of train travel51 Writing A description of your travel habits51
3 Tribute	Relationships53 Personality adjectives53	Present perfect 54 Present perfect + just 55 Present perfect + ever/never 55 Present perfect + already/yet 55	Celebrity gossip 57 Listening A dialogue about celebrity gossip 57
Travel guide	London airports		58
Back to schoo	l test		60
Audioscripts			62



MICHAEL'S

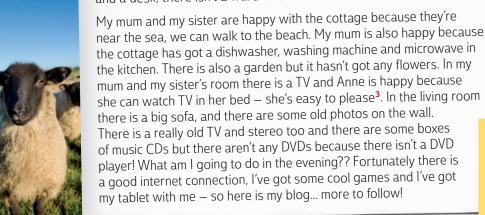






My name's Michael and this is my summer blog. It's the school holidays now and I'm on holiday in the west of Ireland with my mum and my little sister Anne.

The cottage is pretty¹ basic², there are two bedrooms, one for me and one for my mum and Anne and there is a living room, a kitchen and a bathroom but there isn't a bath, only a shower. All the rooms are small but my bedroom is really, really small! There is only a bed and a desk, there isn't a wardrobe.







- 1 pretty assai
- **2** basic essenziale, semplice
- 3 to please accontentare

Cahermore Cottage



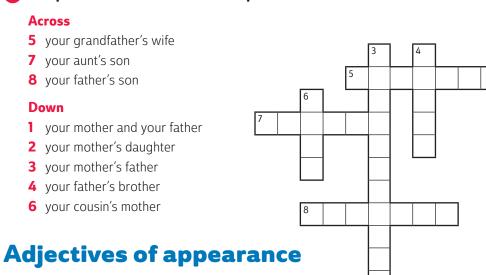
A traditional holiday cottage in the
of ²
Very close to the ³

Rooms: 4	bedrooms,	
a ⁵	, a kitchen and a bathroom.	
Facilities include: dishwasher, 6		
7	, TV and 8	

g____connection.







5 Scegli l'opzione corretta per completare la descrizione di Anne, la sorella di Michael. She's old/young and quite slim/fat. She's got brown eyes

and 3 long/short, 4 straight/curly, 5 fair/dark hair. She looks like her mother and she is very shy.

O Grammar

To be

Affirmative

I am ('m)
He/She/It is ('s)
We/You/They are ('re)

Negative

I am not ('m not)
He/She/It is not (isn't)
We/You/They are not (aren't)

Yes/No questions

Am I
Is he/she/it ...?
Are you/we/they

Short answers

Yes, I am. No, I'm not.
Yes, he/she/it is. No, he/she/it isn't.
Yes, we/you/they are. No, we/you/they aren't.

Wh- questions

What's your name? Where are you from?

- Si usa il verbo to be con queste espressioni:

 to be fifteen avere quindici anni

 to be cold / hot avere freddo / caldo

 to be thirsty / hungry avere sete / fame
 - 6 Cerchia la forma corretta del verbo to be.
 - 1 He aren't / (sn't)in Italy.
 - 2 | am / are not in my bedroom.
 - **3** You *are / is* on holiday.
 - 4 We am / are in Ireland.
 - 5 My mum *aren't / isn't* thirsty.
 - 6 My bedroom is / are small.
 - 7 My friends am / are in England.
 - 8 | am / is 16 years old.
 - Trasforma le frasi affermative in forma negativa e viceversa.
 - Michael isn't on holiday.
 Michael is on holiday.
 - 2 I'm in my bedroom.
 - **3** Mum and Anne are in the kitchen.
 - 4 The holiday cottage is very big.
 - **5** You aren't near the beach.
 - 6 We are in Ireland.
 - **7** This isn't my summer blog.

8 Abbina le domande (1-6) alle risposte (a-f).

- 1 F Is it cold in Ireland?
- 2 Are you on holiday with your family?
- **3** Is the kitchen big?
- 4 Is Anne on the beach?
- 5 Are Anne and Michael in the same bedroom?
- 6 Is Michael with his friends?
- a No, she isn't.
- **b** No, they aren't
- c Yes, I am.
- d No, he isn't.
- e No, it isn't. It's small.
- Yes, it is.

Subject pronouns and possessive adjectives

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives
T	my
you	your
he	his
she	her
it	its
we	our
they	their

Cerchia l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 This is our cottage. *It's* / *Its* name is 'Cahermore'.
- **2** *They're / Their* happy about the beach.
- **3** *Your / You're* blog is fantastic.
- 4 He's / His not on holiday.
- 5 You're / Your very creative.
- **6** We're *they're / their* neighbours for a week.
- Ompleta la mail con pronomi personali o aggettivi possessivi.

 Poi ascolta e controlla.

Hi Michael, ¹my name's Danny, ² 'm on holiday with my family in Ireland too.

We have got a holiday home here and

are at ⁴ holiday home

now. 5_____is near Cahermore cottage.

My mum has got some cousins here, 6_____family

is really big – 7_____has got 40 cousins!

blog is very interesting. Enjoy your holiday!

Have got

Affirmative

I/You/We/They have ('ve) got He/She/It has ('s) got

Negative

I/You/We/They have not (haven't) got
He/She/It has (hasn't) got

Questions

Have I/you/we/they got he/she/it got

Short answers

Yes, I/you/we/they have. No, I/you/we/they haven't.

Yes, he/she/it has. No, he/she/it hasn't.

Si usa il verbo *have* senza *got* con queste espressioni:

to have a shower fare la doccia
to have breakfast fare colazione
to have a sandwich mangiare un panino
to have a cup of tea bere una tazza di tè

Usa le informazioni per scrivere frasi con have got.

- Michael / got / his mobile phone Michael has got his mobile phone.
- 2 Michael and Anne / not got / any DVDs
- 3 It / not got / a good internet connection
- 4 We / got / a holiday home in Spain
- 5 your sister / got / a tablet?
- 6 you / got / an email address?

(2) 104 Completa il dialogo fra Michael e il suo amico Danny con la forma corretta di have got. Poi ascolta e controlla.

Hi Danny, is it just you and your mum on holiday or 1 have you got (you) brothers or sisters?

Yes, I 2_____two brothers, Jim and Pete.

(your holiday home) two bedrooms?

D No, lt 4 _____ lt 5 ____ four bedrooms, it's big. We 6 _____ our own bedrooms, we're lucky.

Yes, you are. Our cottage is small, we

a bedroom each, and we

a DVD player.

Genitive 's

Per esprimere possesso si aggiunge 's al nome del possessore:

Michael's sister

- Per più di un possessore si aggiunge 's al nome dell'ultimo possessore:
 Michael and Anne's mother
- Se il possessore è plurale e termina già in -s si aggiunge solo l'apostrofo: my friends' computer games

B Riscrivi le frasi con il genitivo.

- 1 the blog of my brother my brother's blog
- 2 the room of my mother and my sister
- 3 the brothers of my friend Danny
- 4 the dvds of my friends
- 5 the book of my mother
- 6 the bikes of the children

Plural nouns

Il plurale dei sostantivi si ottiene aggiungendo -s al singolare.

room → rooms

Se però il sostantivo finisce in:

- -s, -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o, -z si aggiunge -es:
 box → boxes
- -y preceduta da consonante si toglie la -y e si aggiunge -ies: party → parties
- Alcuni plurali sono irregolari, ad esempio:
 man → men person → people
 woman → women foot → feet

Trasforma i seguenti sostantivi al plurale.

city → cities
 book
 holiday
 watch
 address
 child
 family
 beach



There is/there are + a/some/any

Affirmative

There is ('s) a living room.

There are ('re) some old photos.

Negative

There is not (isn't) a bath.

There are not (aren't) any DVDs.

Questions and short answers

Is there a DVD player?
Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
Are there any DVDs?
Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

(5) Cerchia l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 There(is) are a beautiful beach near here.
- **2** There *is* / *are* tourists from all over the world.
- **3** There *isn't* / *aren't* a shower.
- 4 There are any / some children in the park.
- **5** Are there *some* / *any* flowers in the garden?
- **6** There aren't *a* / *any* photos on your blog.

16 Completa le frasi con la forma corretta di there is / there αre.

1	There are four bedrooms in our house.
2	any good shops near here?
3	any computer games.
4	a café on the beach?
	No,
5	any books in the house?
	Yes,
6	some CDS, but
	any DVDs.

Scrivi frasi con le informazioni date.

- 1 good shops / in this town

 There are some good shops in this town.
- 2 microwave / in the kitchen / ?
- **3** TV / in your bedroom
- 4 dogs / on the beach /?
- 5 internet connection / in your holiday house / ?
- 6 no clubs / in the village
- 7 no hotel / near the beach
- 8 photos / on your blog page /?

PUT IT TOGETHER

(a, b o c). Poi ascolta e controlla

Your blog ¹ a great!

Your mum and your sister ² nice,
and the photos of ³ holiday cottage

4 cool. It 5 a lovely garden — are 6 holiday at the moment, we 8 got any holiday plans this year.

It 9 hot here, it's cold. 10 parents haven't got 11 holidays this summer. In the evenings there are 12 good films on TV, but during the day I'm very bored — 13 blog posts are my entertainment,

14 very creative.



1 🔀 is	b are	c am
2 a is	b are	c our
3 a you	b your	c my
4 a is	b are	c am
5 a is	b have got	c has got
6 a any	b there any	c there some
7 a 'm not	b isn't	c aren't
8 a have	b hasn't	c haven't
9 a isn't	b hasn't	c is
10 a l	b my	c your
11 a an	b some	c any
12 a any	b some	c a
13 a your	b you're	c you
14 a you	b your	c you're

19 Traduci in inglese.

- 1 Il mio nome è Michael e ho 16 anni.
- 2 Sei in vacanza con la tua famiglia?
- **3** Fa freddo in Irlanda?
- 4 Mia sorella non ha il suo cellulare.
- 5 La loro casa ha il giardino?



Amazing places

Have you got a dream house? Is it a 10-bedroom mansion or a cottage in the country with roses around the door? Our homes are very important to us — it's 'where our hearts are' but houses especially in cities like London are very expensive and this is a big problem for young people.

So this house is a real inspiration. It isn't expensive, just £60,000, and it isn't very big, but it's in a popular area of South London and it's now a very unique home. Why is it unique? Well it has got a very interesting history — it is in fact an old underground² public toilet from 1929. There is only one toilet in there now of course and it isn't open to the public!

Now this former public toilet is a stylish one-bedroom apartment. There is a living room with a sofa bed and there are shelves on all the walls and there is a beautiful red kitchen. In the kitchen there are some wall tiles³ from the original public toilets and there is a mirror on the living room wall from the public toilets too.

The house is underground so there aren't any windows in the walls but there are skylight windows⁴ in the roof and the house is very light. Outside now there are steps down to a small garden area with plants and a table and chairs. It's a very impressive little house, its location is fantastic and its history is very unusual.

The owner of the house is Laura Clarke and she is very happy with it, but then she is also the architect and designer. Laura has now got her own architecture business in London and she has got fans all over the world.



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- 1 home is where the heart is (idiom) la casa è dov'è il cuore
- 2 underground sotterraneo
- 3 tile piastrella
- 4 skylight window lucernario

Reading

20 PRELIMINARY Leggi il brano. Indica se le frasi sono vere (T, true) o false (F, false).

- 1 T Houses in London are expensive.
- 2 T F Young people can buy houses in London easily.
- **3** T F Laura Clarke's house is expensive.
- 4 T F Laura Clarke's house is small.
- 5 T F There are two bedrooms in Laura's house.
- **6** T F There are no windows in the house.
- **7** F Her house is dark.
- 8 T F She has got a garden.

Listening

2) \(\overline{\cappa} \) Oscolta e indica di quale tipo di casa (a-c) si parla.





W Riascolta e rispondi alle domande.

- 1 What is the TV programme about?
- **2** What programme is on at the same time?
- **3** Where is the unusual home?
- 4 What rooms are there in the house?
- 5 What hasn't the kitchen got? A fridge, a cooker or a dishwasher?
- **6** What are the names of the owners of the house?
- **7** Have the owners got a holiday home?
- 8 What are the positive features of the house according to Michael?

Writing

Scrivi un breve paragrafo descrivendo la tua casa dei sogni.

- · location: countryside/city/mountains/seaside
- type of house: flat/house/mansion/castle
- number of rooms/garden
- furniture: modern/ancient/classical/stylish